



Bulletin Service Flag

VOL. LXI—NO. 106

POPULATION 29,919

NORWICH, CONN., SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1919

14 PAGES—102 COLUMNS.

PRICE TWO CENTS

VICTORY LOAN IS LACKING INDIVIDUAL SUBSCRIBERS

In Nearly Every Reserve District the Number of Subscribers is Running Far Below Those of Previous Loans—Latest Figures Compiled by Treasury Department Showed \$1,497,347,600, Less Than One Third of the Loan Quota—A Drive is to be Made During the Closing Days of the Campaign for Individual Subscribers.

Washington, May 2.—The need of the government for funds to bring the war to a successful conclusion will be carried directly to every person in the United States who can be reached, as a result of the slowness of the public in volunteering subscriptions to the Victory Liberty Loan.

Latest figures compiled by the Treasury department tonight showed \$1,497,347,600, less than one-third of the loan quota, subscribed. Individual subscriptions in nearly every reserve district were said to be running short of those in previous loans, apparently indicating that the public was not awake to the necessity for raising the full \$4,500,000,000 asked for in order to bring the men back from overseas completely demobilized and care for those wounded in the service. Plans immediately were laid and telegrams sent to every organization in the country to make the last seven working days of the loan campaign productive of sufficient individual subscriptions to put the

NAVY NOW A REAL FACTOR IN TRANSATLANTIC FLIGHT

St. John, N. P., May 2.—The United States navy became a real factor in the contest for transatlantic flight honors when the mine layer USS Albatross, flying the Stars and Stripes, dropped anchor in British waters at St. John's, Newfoundland, on the evening of May 1. It was on the arrival of the Albatross that the contest which will be maintained as the navy's first transatlantic flight, began.

The arrival of the Albatross at St. John's, Newfoundland, on the evening of May 1, brought to the attention of the world the fact that the United States navy was now a real factor in the contest for transatlantic flight honors. The Albatross, a mine layer, was the first of the United States navy to make the trip in its land planes.

CONFESSED TO TWENTY BURGLARIES IN BAY STATE

Barnstable, Mass., May 2.—Edward B. Baker, who the police say has confessed to 20 burglaries in Barnstable, and claims to have escaped from a reformatory near Stamford, Conn., was held for trial today on charges of burglary and entering a room without permission at Sagamore and Bourneville. Before being taken to court jail physicians took 20 minutes in the prisoner's head, arms and back to close up the wounds received when he jumped from a train while being brought here from Boston yesterday in the custody of State officer Ernest Bradford.

GOVERNMENT TROOPS HAVE ENTERED MUNICH

Berlin, May 2.—(By the A. P.)—The entry of government troops into Munich from all points was to begin at noon today, according to the Vossische Zeitung. Dr. Landauer and Engelhorn, commander of the red army, have been captured, the newspaper adds.

Will Try For Trans-Atlantic Air Record

Captain James Simola, one of the daring British aviators who has entered the lists as transatlantic flyer. He is planning to attempt the record.

Cabled Paragraphs Daniels in London.

London, May 2.—Secretary Daniels was the guest of Sir Eric Goddard at a luncheon today. He visited Sir Paul's and Westminster Abbey.

INDEPENDENCE DECLARATION BY THE IRISH PARLIAMENT

New York, May 2.—Supreme Court Justice Colahan received today from Sean T. O'Kelly, the representative of the Irish republic at Paris, a copy of the Declaration of Independence adopted by the Irish republic parliament, publication of which has been suppressed by the British government.

Whereas, the Irish people is by right a free people, and whereas, for seven hundred years the Irish people has never ceased to repudiate and has repeatedly protested in arms against the British yoke.

And whereas, English rule in this country is, and always has been, based upon force and fraud and maintained by military occupation against the declared will of the people.

And whereas, the Irish republic was proclaimed in Dublin on Easter Monday, 1916, and the British government has refused to recognize it.

And whereas, the Irish republic is resolved to secure and maintain its complete independence and to promote the common weal to re-establish justice, to provide for future defense, to insure peace at home and good will with the world.

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An Ultimatum By Russian Soviets

London, May 2.—The Russian Soviet government has sent a despatch to Rumania demanding the evacuation of Bessarabia. A wireless despatch from Moscow says that the Rumanian government is given forty-eight hours in which to make a reply.

Demanded Evacuation of Bessarabia by Rumanians—Rumania Given 48 Hours in Which to Reply.

London, May 2.—The Russian Soviet government has sent a despatch to Rumania demanding the evacuation of Bessarabia. A wireless despatch from Moscow says that the Rumanian government is given forty-eight hours in which to make a reply.

Bessarabia is a former Russian province populated mostly by Rumanians and to which Rumania has laid claim. On the retirement of the Russian army from the province, the Rumanian government has demanded its evacuation.

A Bolshevik official statement on April 14 reported that the Rumanians had been defeated in fighting along the Dniester river and were retreating from Bessarabia. The Rumanian government, however, denied the report.

The Russian ultimatum to Rumania may have been made in view of the Russian campaign against the Communist government in Hungary.

AMERICAN CABLES RESTORED TO PRIVATE OWNERSHIP

Washington, May 2.—American cable lines taken over by the government in November were restored to private ownership and operation at midnight tonight by direction of President Wilson.

The turn-back was without ceremony or formality. The board of directors of the postoffice department

CONVICTS FRUSTRATED IN ATTEMPT TO ESCAPE

Trenton, N. J., May 2.—An attempt to escape of four convicts, three serving time for murder and one for intent to kill, was frustrated tonight at the New Jersey State Prison.

The four men, who were attempting to escape from the prison, were caught by the guards.

CLASHES IN SPAIN ON HIGH COST OF LIVING

Madrid, May 2.—(Havas).—Ten persons were killed, sixteen seriously injured and a large number slightly wounded in disorders arising from the high cost of living in the province of Tarragona on April 28.

There were several clashes between the military and the people. The government decided to reduce the price of food 25 per cent. The following day, however, the merchants refused to sell provisions at the old price.

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Ten Persons Were Killed and 16 Injured in the Province of Tarragona—King Alfonso Dissolves Parliament.

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Condensed Telegrams

The Texas Co. reduced price of crude oil 25 cents a barrel to 15 cents. Belgian soldiers will sell Victory Loan bonds throughout the country. During March wool consumption by manufacturers amounted to \$4,000,000 pounds.

Total reserve of Bank of England dropped \$249,000 in week. Bullion increased \$259,000. At the Government auction in Boston 1,500,000 pounds of Australian greasy wool was disposed of. Good 60's 40/000 was withdrawn from the Sub-Treasury for shipment to South America.

War Trade Board announced many changes were made in the import restrictions of Britain. Belgium asked Council of Three for advance of \$100,000,000 for its share of German indemnity.

Steel men will confer with representatives of Industrial Board and Railroad Administration next week. Sea Route & Co.'s sales for April amounted to \$19,183,881, an increase of \$1,925,274 over previous month.

Weekly report of Bank of France shows increase of \$3,344 francs in gold holdings. Silver increased 25,000 francs. Cotton planting in Texas delayed by rain. Reduction of acreage there and Oklahoma said to be below 23 per cent.

Advised from Warsaw indicative United States and French representatives received the greater part of Polish trade. Transport Koenigstein de Nederland arrived at Newport News from France with 2,263 officers and men of the Railroad Division.

Shipping Board of United States offered to Rumania territorial concessions and requested an immediate cessation of hostilities. The earthquake which shook San Salvador was the most violent ever registered in the country. Several thousands were killed.

New York. Exchange announced old style contracts in future prices were discontinued and from now on all contracts will be new. Honorable Puyresque, Argentine Minister of Foreign Affairs, sent him had any part in Mexico's refusal to recognize the Monroe Doctrine.

Shipping Board of United States appointed of Waldo S. Reed of New York as treasurer of the shipping Board Emergency Fleet Corporation. Negotiations being completed between United States and Brazil for establishment of steamship line between Rio de Janeiro and San Francisco.

Five dreadnoughts and several destroyers will sail from New York soon to patrol route of naval sealanes preparing for transatlantic flight.

Sir Harry Lauder will quit the stage. He is doing so because he wants to help his native land and not because of the knighthood conferred on him.

In a letter to the National Industrial Council, which resumed sittings at London, President Wilson said he was drafting a bill for a forty-eight-hour week.

Major Tom C. Macaulay, who holds transatlantic flight record, will be in command of the army aerial squadron which will fly from Texas to Boston.

A large international police force will be necessary under the league of nations scheme immediately after peace is declared, according to Secretary Daniels.

Director Hines signed a contract for Government operation of the Leavenworth Terminal Railway & Bridge Co., for the annual compensation of \$43,582.

Henry Bosford, one of the founders of the meat packing industry at Chicago, died at the age of eighty-five. He formerly was head of the Chicago Packing & Provision Co.

George Holmes, Francisco Villa's business agent on the border, was found guilty of stealing a machine gun and several French and American rifles.

After a conference with Ambassador Page Premier Orlando visited King Emmanuel and later held a long conference with Foreign Minister Sonnino and Signor Barzanti.

Two officers and fourteen men of the crew of the naval tug Gypsy Queen were drowned when the tug was wrecked on a rock and sank near Armen Light, off the coast of France, April 28.

The tug was returning to Brest after assisting three mine sweepers in distress.

MORE THAN 100 IN TRIAL FOR RIOTING IN BOSTON. Boston, May 2.—More than 100 men and women appeared in the Roxbury police court today to answer charges brought as a result of the rioting which accompanied a red flag demonstration in the Roxbury district yesterday. All pleaded not guilty. Five of those arrested yesterday had been released, and of those brought into court three were discharged and the case against one was dismissed.

Ernest Greenberg, of Watertown, and Arnold Janeton, of Arlington, were sentenced to two months in the house of correction for "inciting a riot." John and Charles Buchaw were given the same sentence for assault. Alex Berson, sentenced to one month for assault, appealed and was held in \$800 bail.

All of the others were held in bonds varying from \$500 to \$5,000 on charges of rioting.

The \$5,000 bond was fixed for William Sids, a son of Dr. Boris Sids, a psychopathologist, and well known through his record of having been the youngest student to receive a degree at Harvard university. Patrolmen testified that Sids carried a red flag in the demonstration.

ALBANY NEWSPAPER PRINTERS ON STRIKE. Albany, N. Y., May 2.—With the arrival here tonight of Walter Barrett of Indianapolis, vice president of the International Typographical Union, hope for a settlement of the walkout of the members of the typographical union at the four daily newspapers and the Sunday Telegram appeared somewhat brighter tonight, although no agreement was reached.

Mr. Barrett met with a committee of printers and the conference is to be continued tomorrow.

Publishers have offered an advance of \$1 weekly over the pay received for the past year, but the men demand a \$5 increase.

BRITAIN HAS NO PLAN FOR ISSUANCE OF NEW LOAN. London, May 2.—The treasury in an official statement today says that no plan for the issuance of a new loan has been decided upon.

A London despatch Friday quoted the Daily Mail as saying that the British government was about to offer a great new loan in the form of stock bearing 4 per cent interest.

BELOUM DISSATISFIED PEACE TERMS PRELIMINARY

Malmady, in Rhineland Prussia, is the Only Territorial Claim That Has Been Granted to Belgium—M. Delacroix, the Belgian Premier, Has Arrived in Paris With a Message of Protest From the Belgian Senate.

Paris, May 2.—(By the A. P.)—The Belgian delegation to the Peace Conference is expressing dissatisfaction over the terms of the preliminary peace as they effect Belgium. None of the territorial claims of Belgium has been granted, except that for Malmady in Rhineland Prussia, a short distance south of Aix la Chapelle, the population of which before the war was largely Walloon. Malmady will revert to Belgium. The territory on the left bank of the Scheldt river and Maastricht and the Limbourg peninsula are not mentioned.

Of the \$500,000,000 already mentioned as an immediate Belgian indemnity for Belgium, more than half the amount has merely been placed to Belgium's credit in Allied countries as part payment of war loans. No provision has been made for the recall by Germany of the six billion marks which were left in Belgium and now are lying in Belgian banks and vaults, bearing no interest and unproductive, as the circulation of the mark in Belgium is not permitted.

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